

Evaluation of Constituent and Processing for Advanced Composites

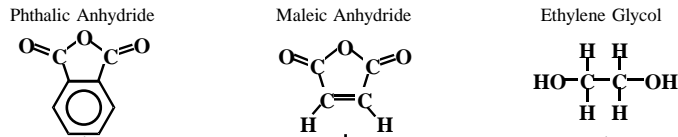
**A Survey of Binder Polymers, Fiber/Fabrics, Additives, Lay-Up
Issues, Manufacturing & Processing Properties**

Randy Lee

October 2011

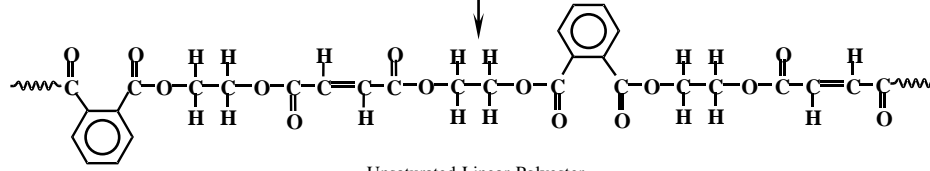


Styrene-Crosslinked Polyesters



Monomers

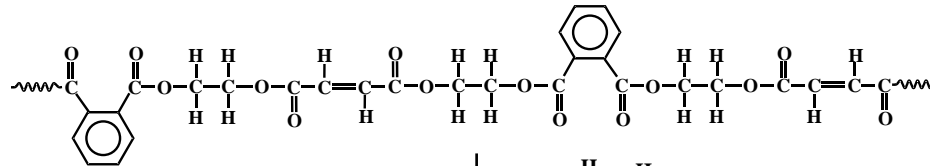
Condensation



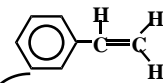
Unsaturated Linear Polyester

Stage A Prepolymer

Unsaturated Linear Polyester Resin (Uncured)



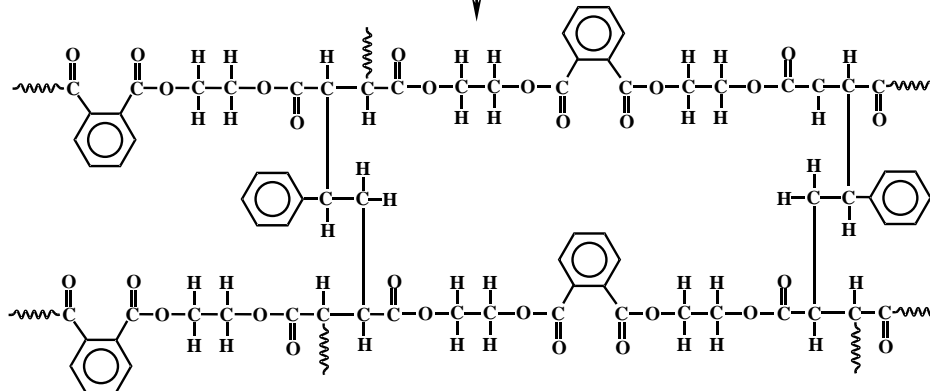
Stage B Polymer Resin



Styrene (Monomer)

Peroxide Catalyst

Free Radical Crosslinking

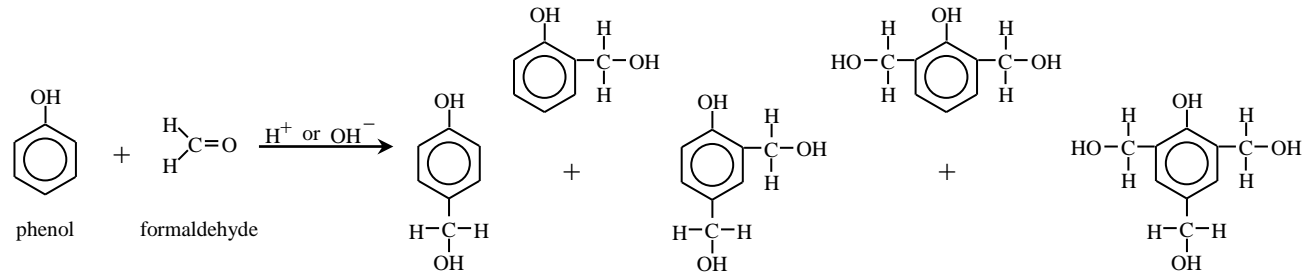


Styrene-Crosslinked Polyester Matrix (Cured)

Stage C Crosslinked Thermoset Network

Adhesives,
Binders,
Composites,
Plastics,
Coatings,
Paints,
Putties,
Compounds

Phenol-Formaldehyde Phenolic Polymers



Monomers

Adhesives,

Binders,

Composites,

Plastics,

Coatings,

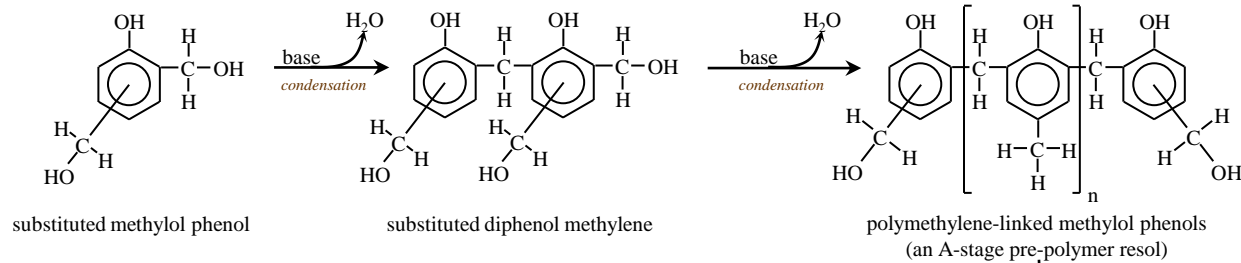
Compounds,

Ablatives,

Ceramics,

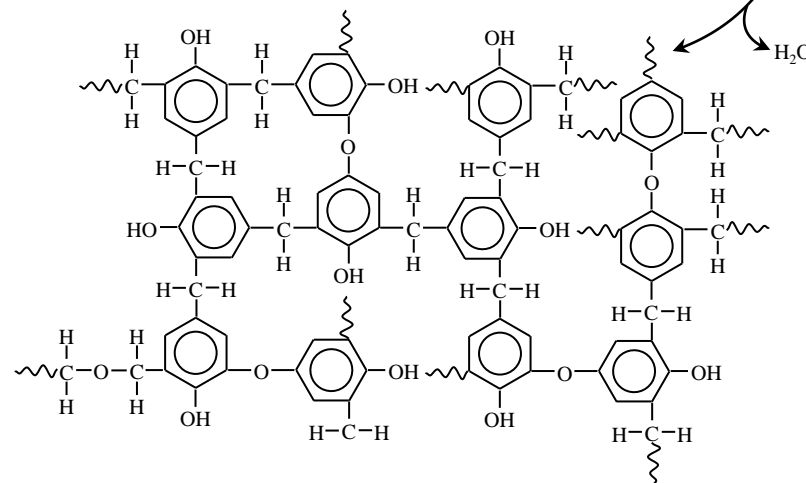
Glassy Carbon

Electrophillic Aromatic Substitution



Stage A
Prepolymer
Resol

Stage B Condensation Crosslinking

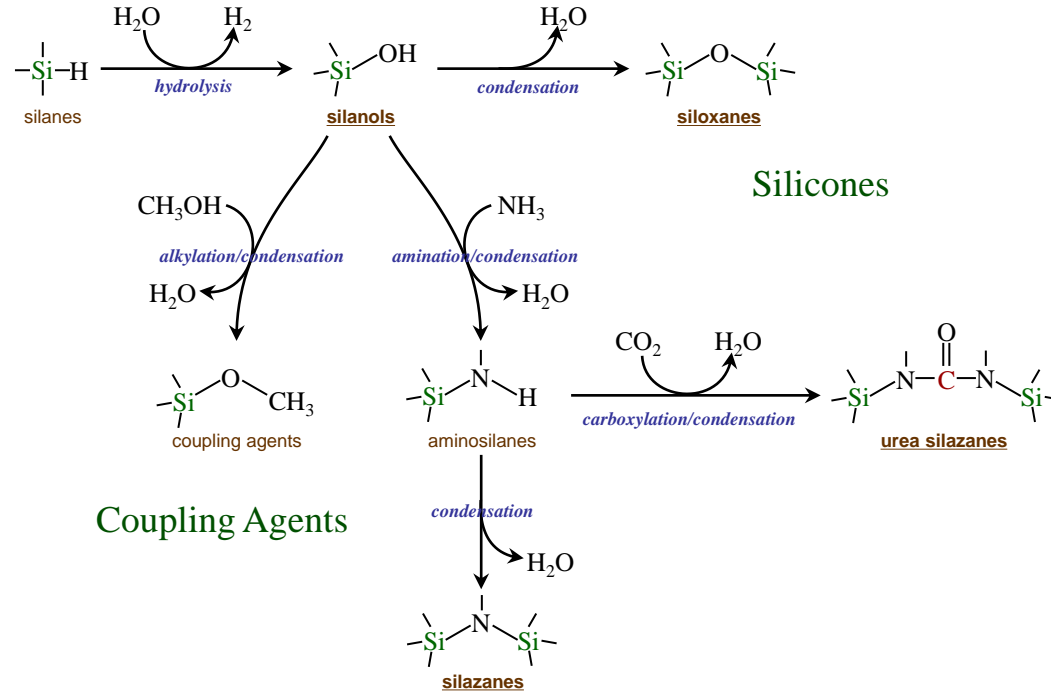


Stage C Crosslinked
Thermoset
Network

Figure 1. Suggested representation of an idealized cured phenolic resin structure.

Silanes, Siloxanes and Ureasilazanes

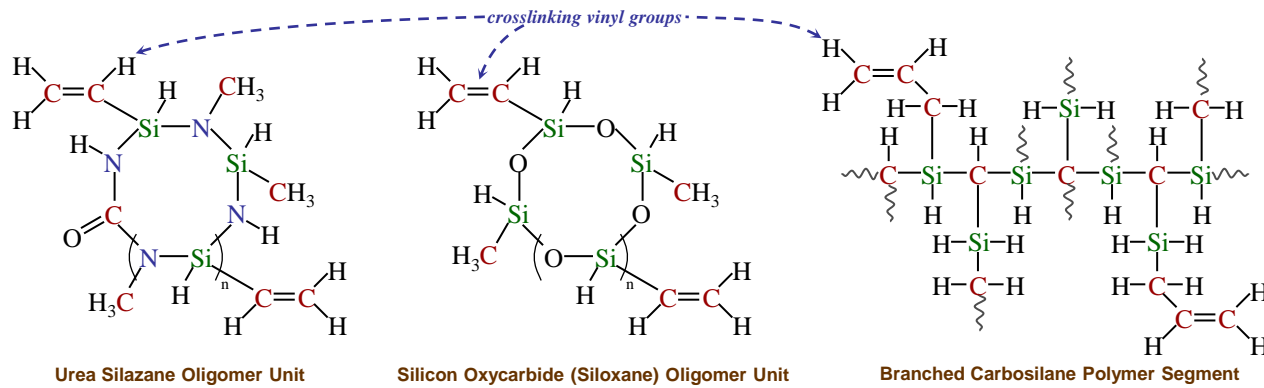
Adhesives,
Sealants,
Binders,
Composites,
Plastics,
Coatings,
Compounds,
Ablatives,
Ceramics



Pathways and
Products of
Silane

Silicones

Coupling Agents

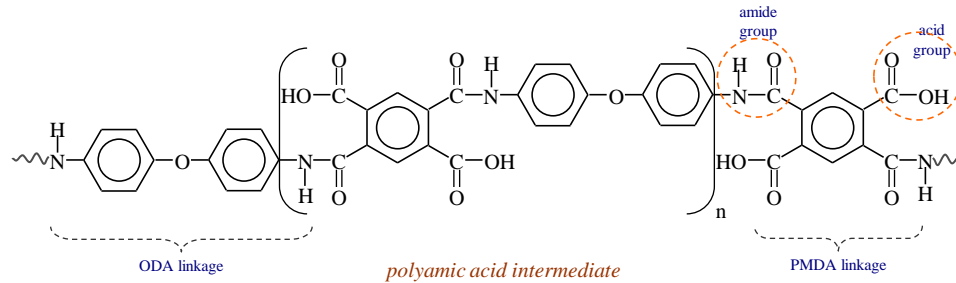


Preceramic
Polymers

Polymer-Derived Ceramics

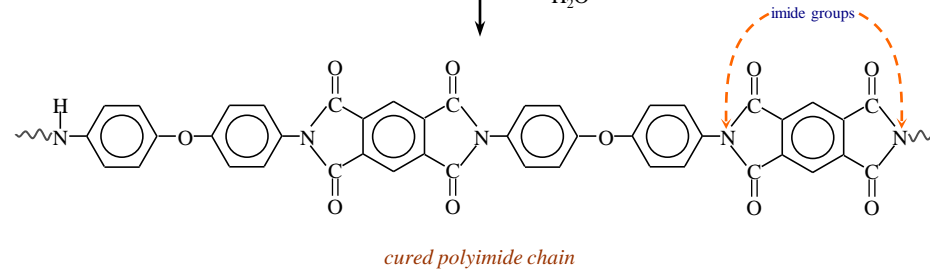
Polyimides & Liquid Crystal Polymers

Adhesives,
Binders,
Composites,
Plastics,
Coatings,
Ablatives,
Fibers,
Armor,
Fire Suits

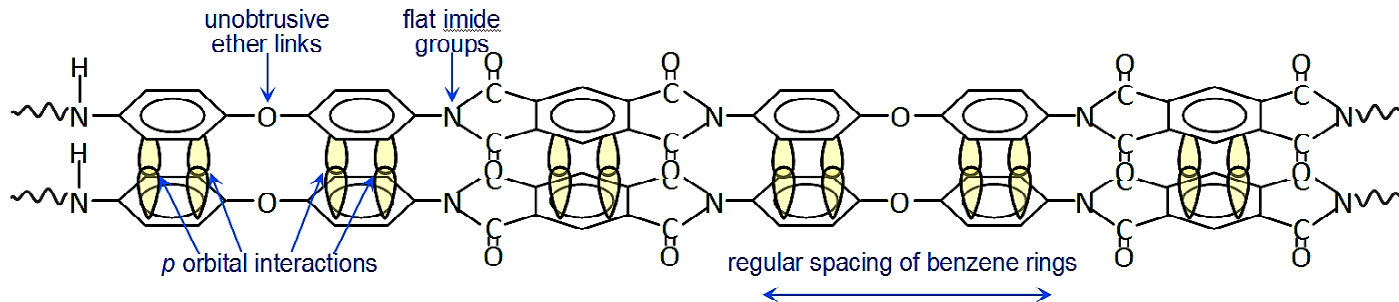


Polyimide Resin
Precursor

Condensation



Cured Polyimide
Thermoplastic



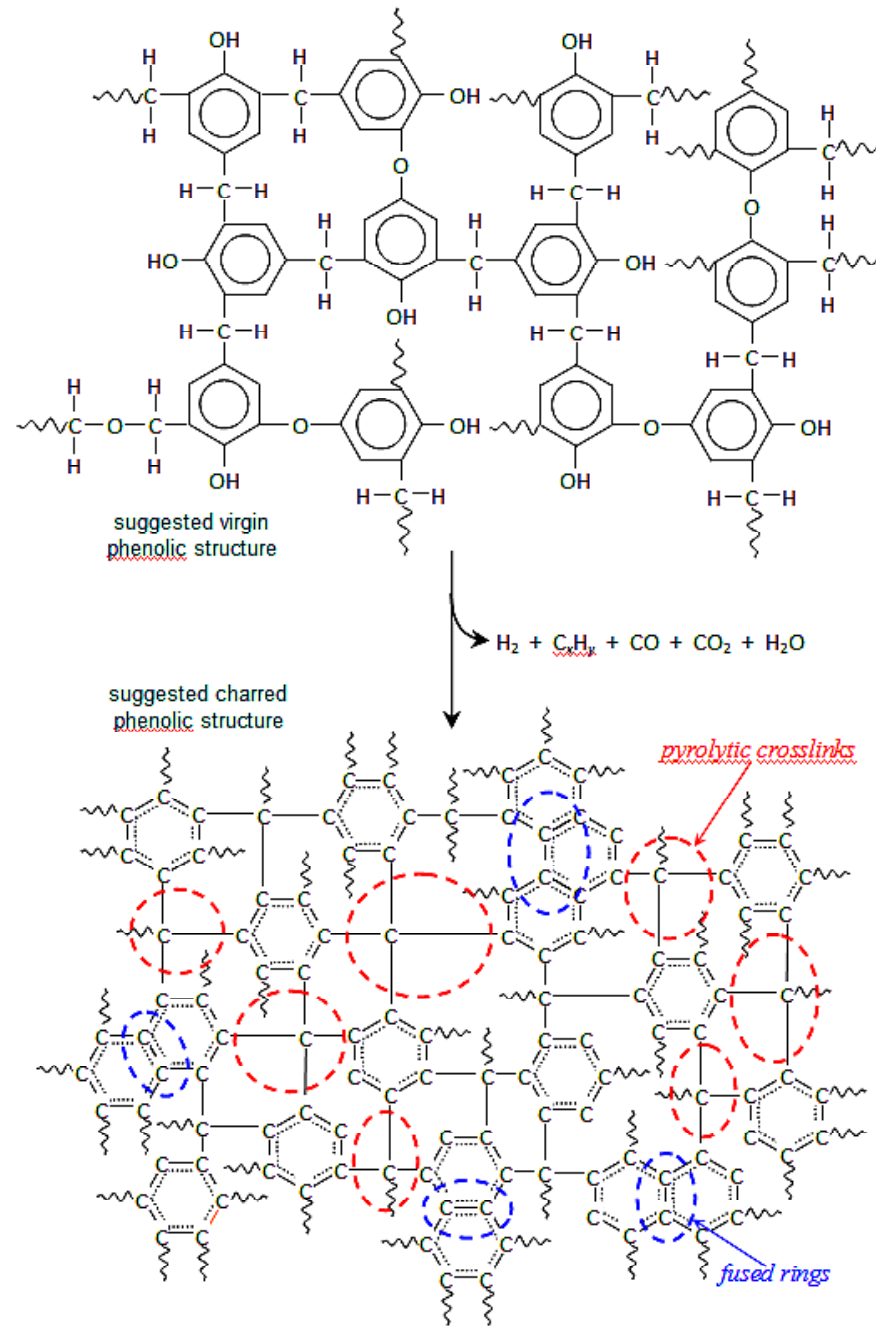
Mesogenic Interactions

Thermal Degradation & Pyrolysis of Polymers

a) Thermosets form non-graphitizable glassy carbon char

b) Common thermoplastics melt and volatilize away

c) Mesogenic polymers form graphitizable amorphous carbon char

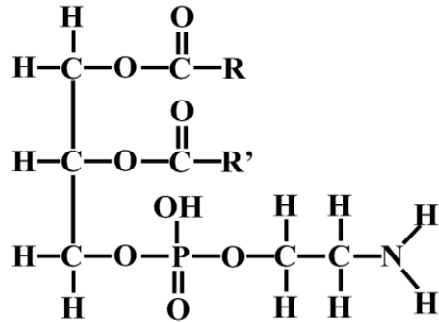


Cured Polymer
Thermoset

Charred Glassy
Carbon

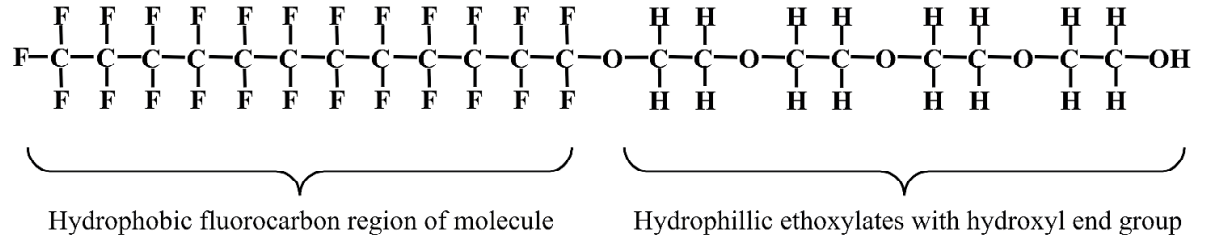
Surfactants & Unique Formulation Compounds

Phospholipid Wetting Agents



Typical lecithin complex showing simplified glycerol-type structure with phosphatidyl-amine functionality.

Fluorosurfactants



Representative structure of a typical fluorosurfactant showing the water soluble (hydrophilic) end opposite to the particle (or surface) attractive end.

Silane Coupling Agents

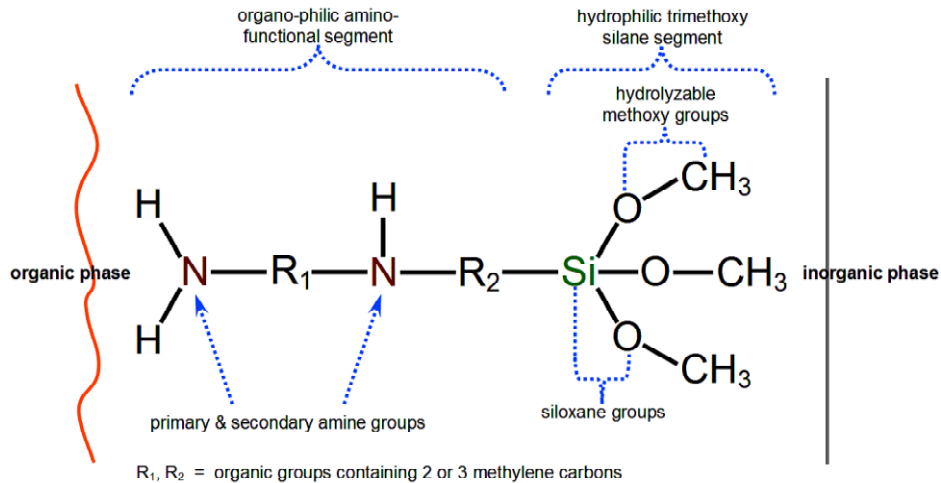
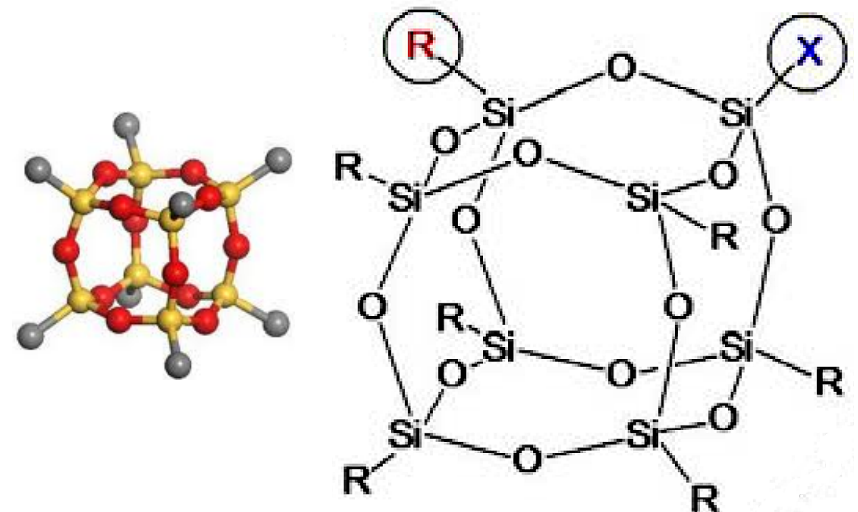
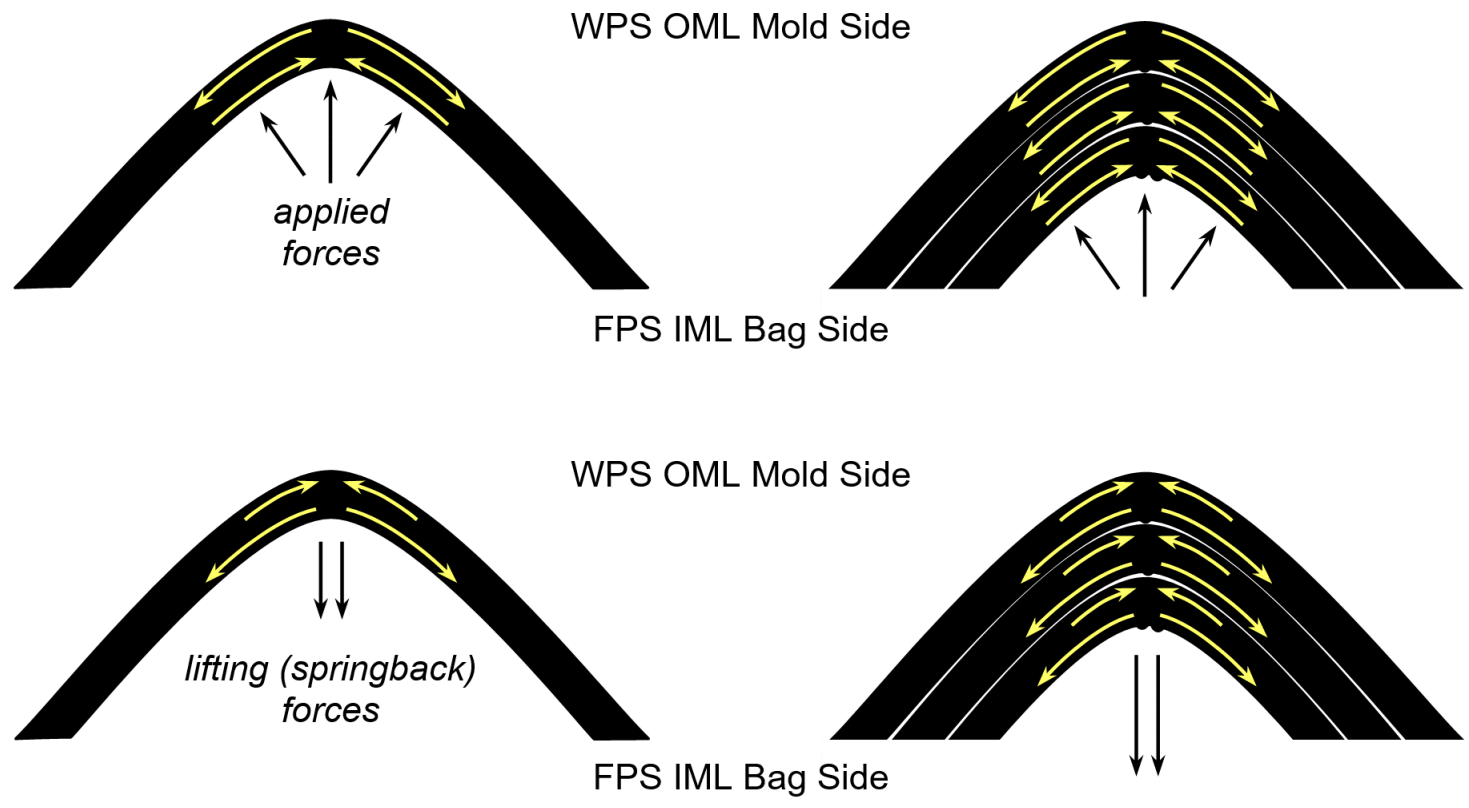
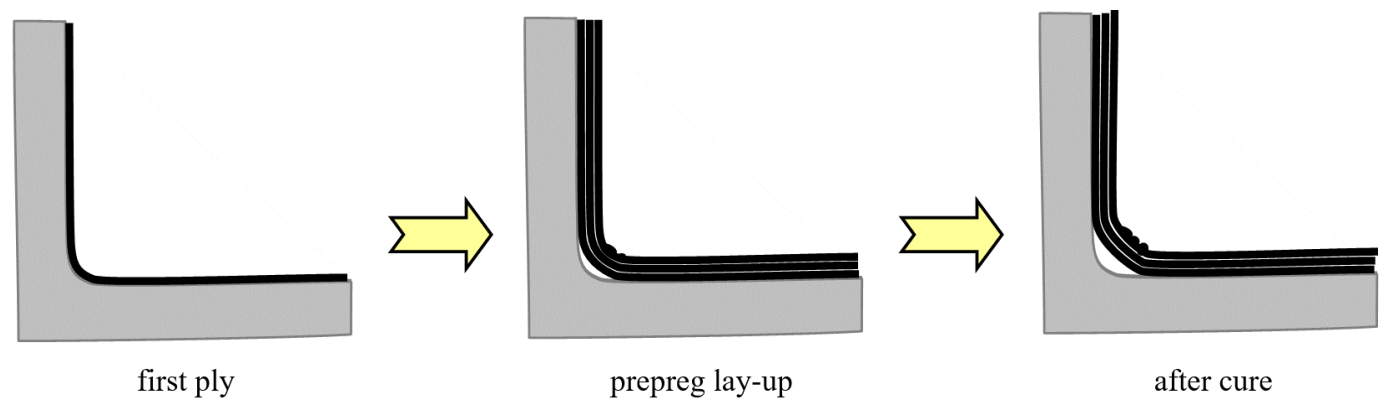


Figure 1. Representative structure for the amino-type coupling agent used in the SCP/GCP systems (before bonding with the organic matrix or inorganic substrate).

POSS Compounds (Polyhedral Oligomeric Silsesqueoxane)

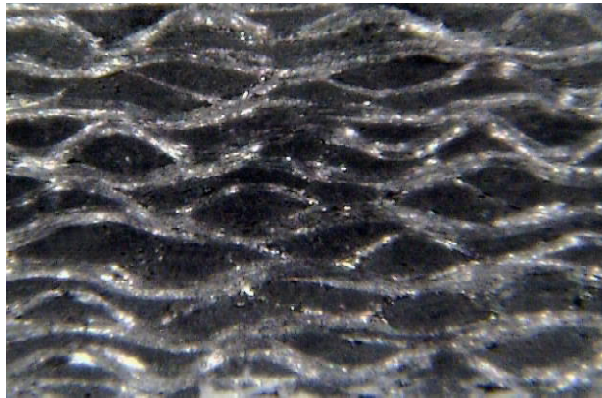


Lay-Up & Molding Issues on Contours & Radii



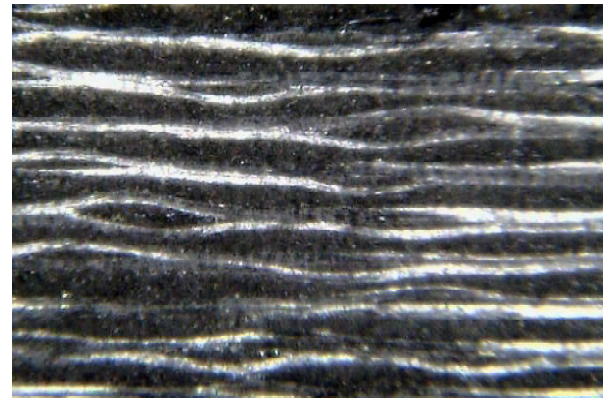
Interlaminar Interactions & Carbon Fiber Processing

Good
Interlaminar
Nesting



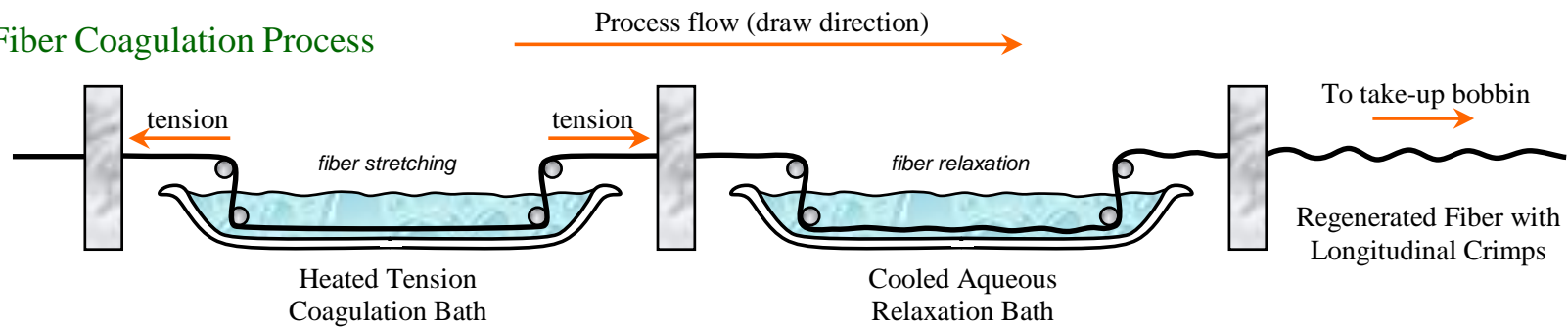
Cross-sectional thickness image of carbonized rayon fabric-reinforced / charred phenolic-matrix laminate

Poor
Interlaminar
Nesting

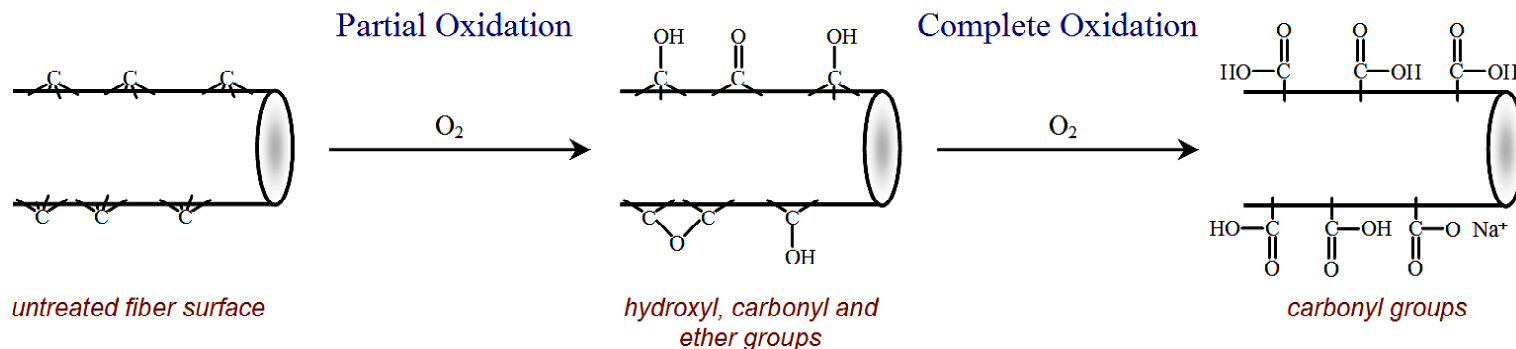


Cross-sectional thickness image of carbonized PAN fabric-reinforced / charred phenolic-matrix laminate

Rayon Fiber Coagulation Process



Fiber Surface Functionalization



3-D Woven Preforms for C-C and CMC Composites

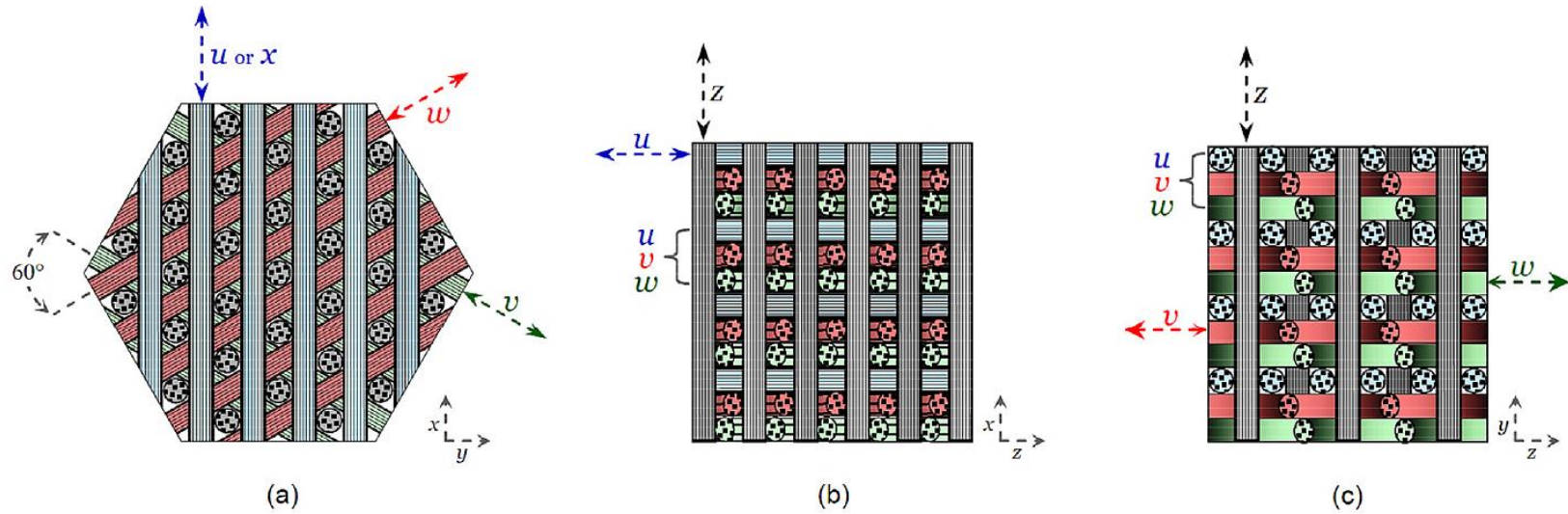
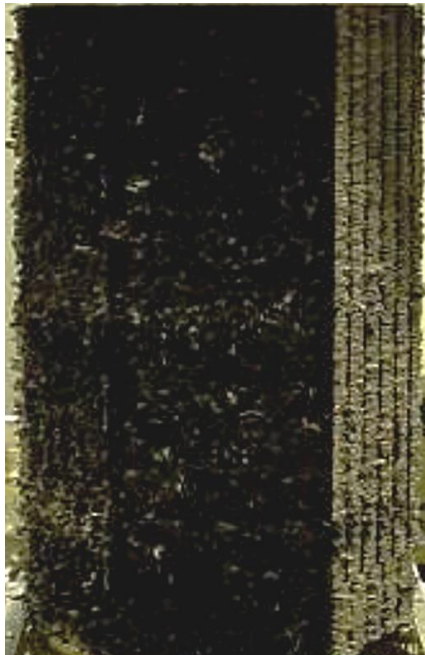
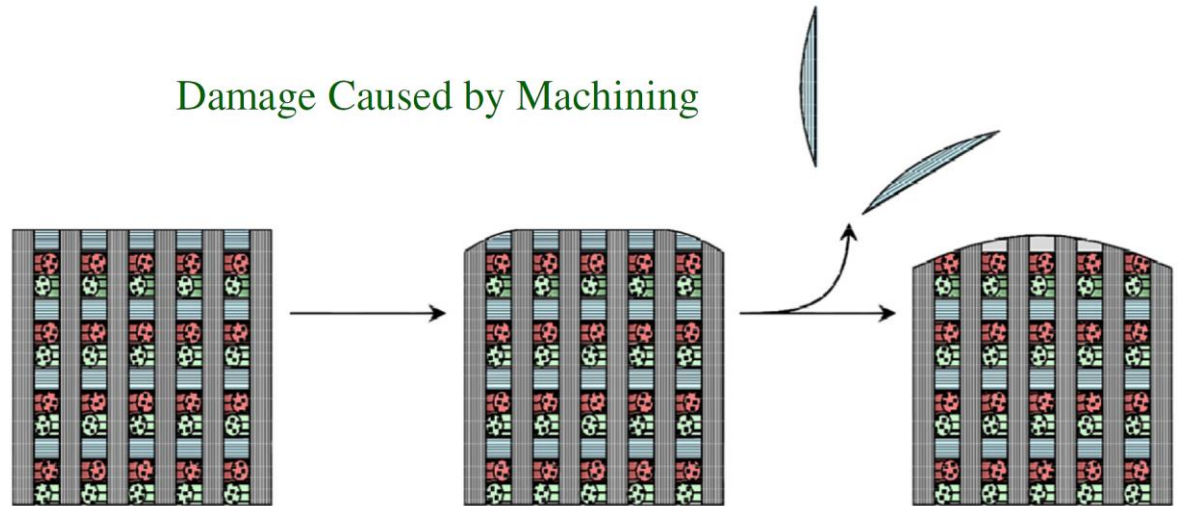


Figure 1. Cross-sectional views of the 4-directional preform weave architecture utilized by FMI for the HT-7 components^[1]. . . (a) Perspective looking down the z axis onto the x - y plane; (b) Perspective looking along the $u + 90$ direction (the y direction) onto the x - z plane (recall there are no bundles parallel to y ; u bundles are perpendicular); (c) Perspective looking down the u direction (the arbitrary x axis) onto the y - z plane (v bundles come in from the right, w bundles come in from the left at 120° apart).

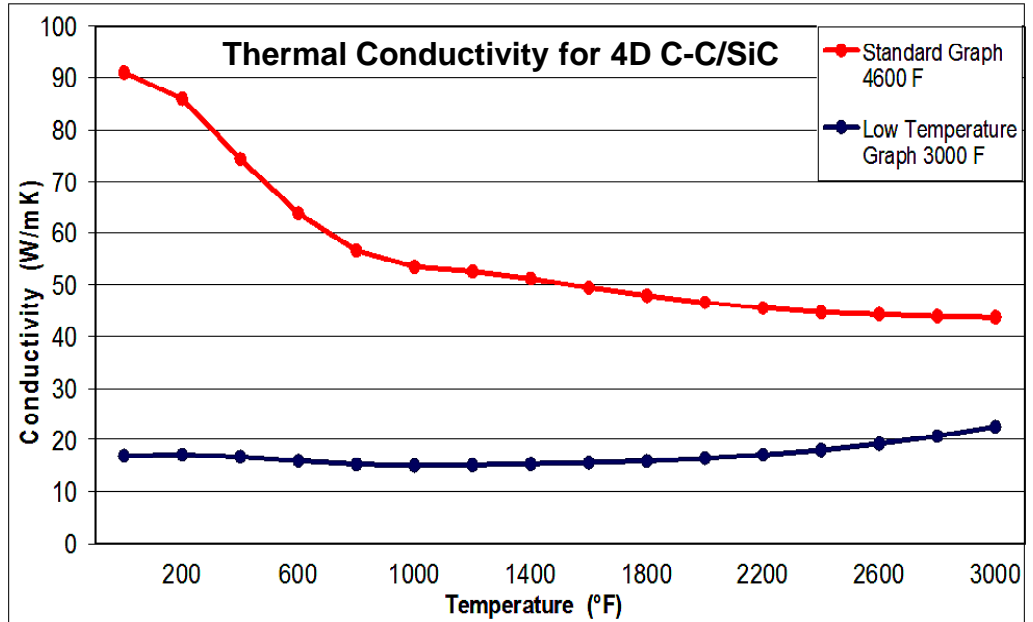
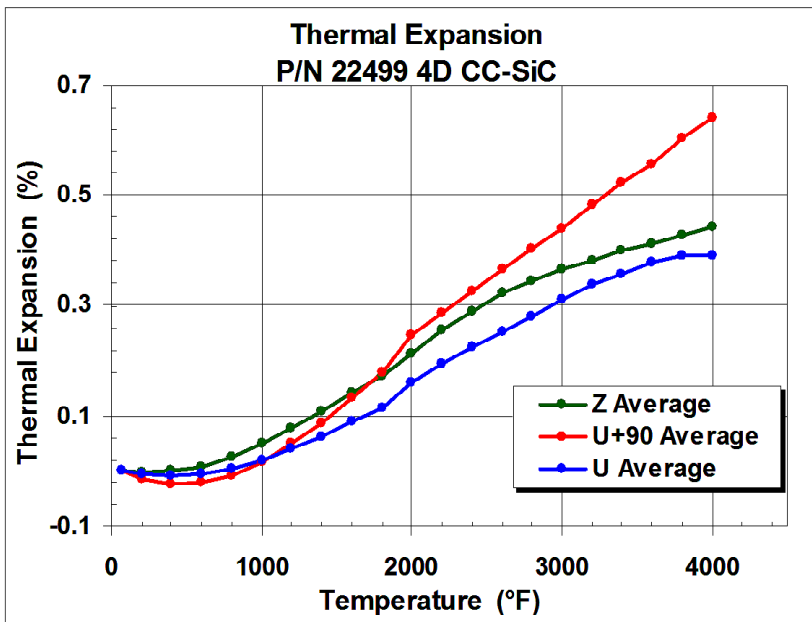
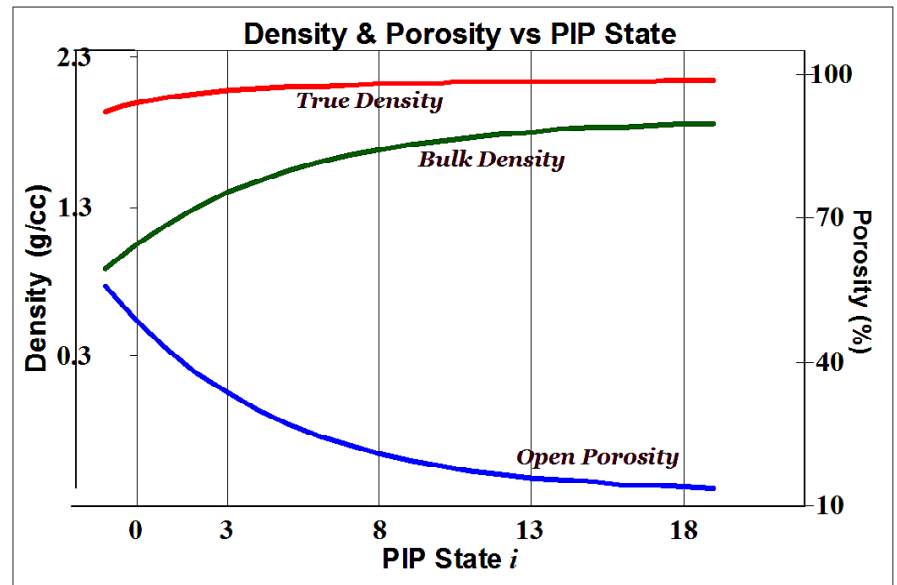
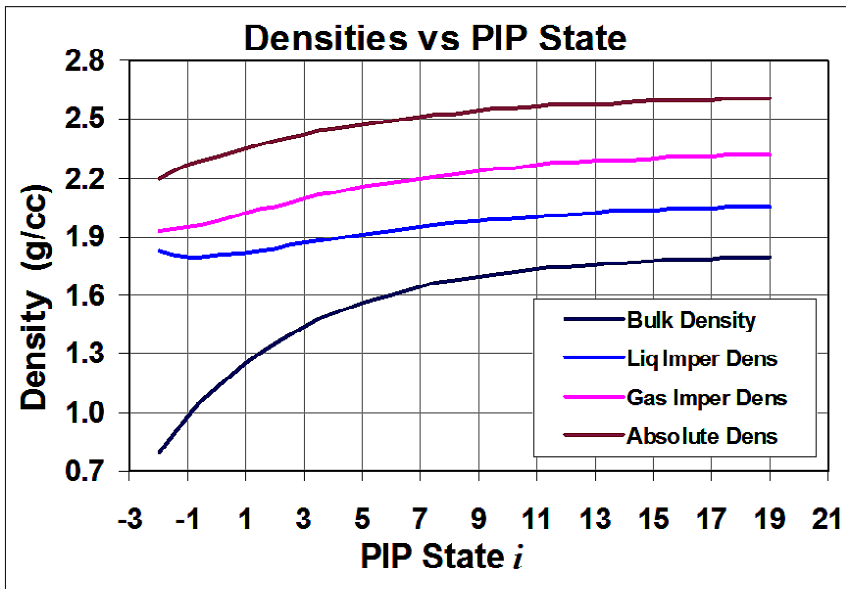
Multi-Directional Preform Billet



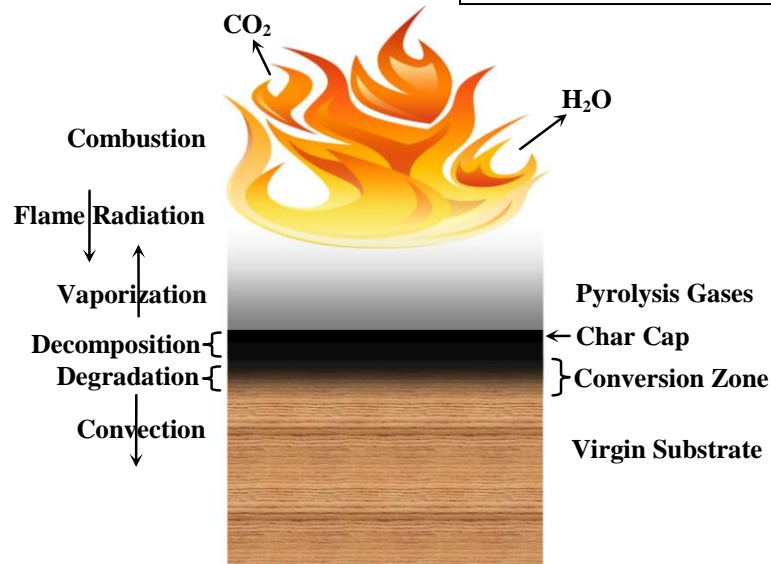
Damage Caused by Machining



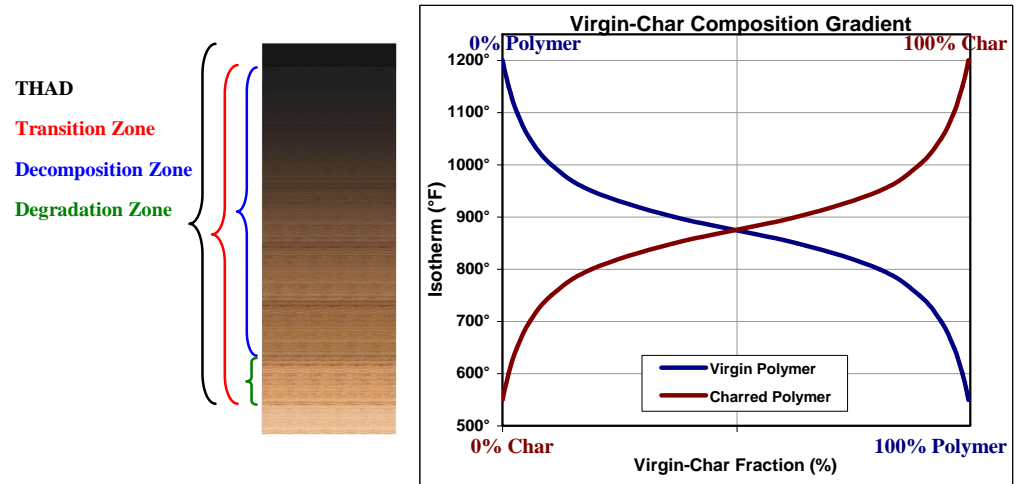
Processing & Thermal Data For C-C/SiC Composite



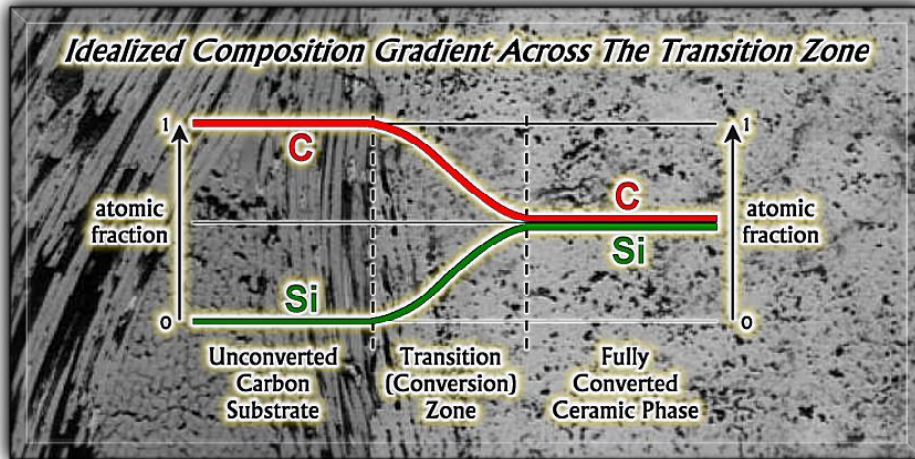
Graded Materials & Gradient Transition Zones



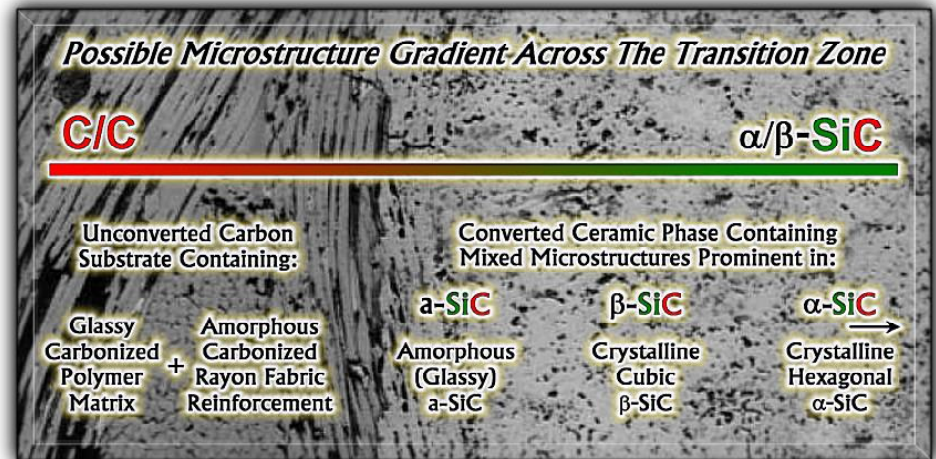
Combustion of Organic Material



Virgin Polymer-To-Char Gradient



Carbon Composite-To-Ceramic Compositional Gradient
(via EDX line scan analysis)



Carbon Composite-To-Ceramic Microstructural Gradient
(via XRD line scan analysis)